Sponsored by The Arc Maryland and The Maryland Developmental Disabilities Council



A series of webinars providing the tools, information, and ideas for people with developmental disabilities and families to improve quality of life and effect change!

- September 24: Making Inclusive Child Care a Reality
- October 15: Post Secondary Options for Transitioning Youth: What's Next after High School?
- November 19: Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE): New Opportunities to Save for Disability Related Expenses

Post Secondary Options for Transitioning Youth: What's Next After High School?



Meg Grigal, Ph.D., Co-Director, Think College Senior Research Fellow, Institute for Community Inclusion University of Massachusetts Boston



Christy H. Stuart, Ed. D., Secondary Transition Specialist, Maryland State Department of Education, Division of Special Education/Early Intervention Services

THINK III COLLEGE

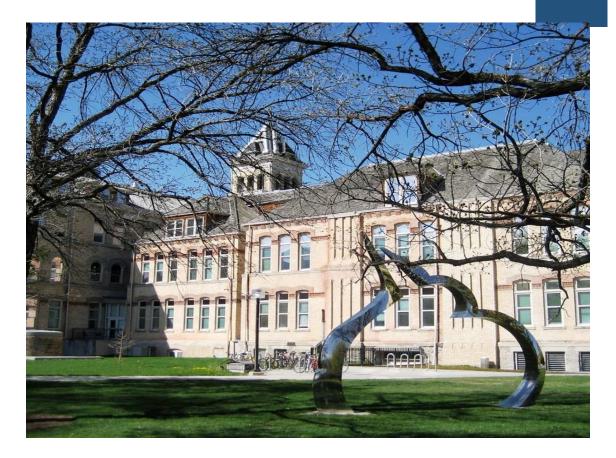
Changing Expectations. Increasing Opportunities.



Inclusive Higher Education: The Future for Students with Intellectual Disability

+ The Transformative Power of College

- Classes
- Friends
- Networks
- Content
- Internships



+ Result in.....



- Career
- Friends
- Experience
- Maturity
- Confidence
- Opportunities







+ Other College Outcomes

- How to handle failure
- What works, what doesn't work
- What you need to be successful
- How to access desired knowledge
- How to balance your life & schedule
- What might be the next step

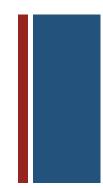
+

Connection between Postsecondary Education and Employment • Youth with ID who participated in

 Youth with ID who participated in PSE 26% more likely to exit their vocational rehabilitation program with employment and earned a 73% higher weekly income.

Migliore and Butterworth, 2008

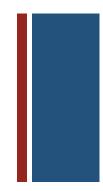
Poor Transition Outcomes



 In 2011, employment rates for transition- aged individuals (ages 16-21) were 18% or less than half the employment rate for people without disabilities

-Butterworth et al., 2013





This gap becomes worse as people with IDD age with only 32% of adults ages 20-30 having employment compared to 74% of people without disabilities

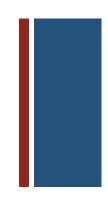
-Sulewski, Zalewska, Butterworth, & Migliore, 2013

÷

"Parents hopes vanish when confronted with insufficient information and seemingly impassible barriers for their children's matriculation into college."



-Martinez, Conroy, Cerreto, 2012

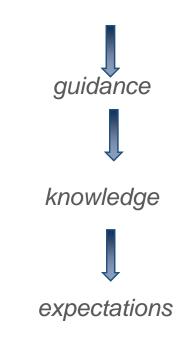


"Parental expectations for employment and postsecondary education are some of the strongest predictors of successful postschool outcomes for youth with intellectual and developmental disabilities."

-Papay 2011



are influenced by professional



All of which are influenced by their past experiences

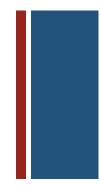
+ Which usually is not higher education



Sheltered workshops and day habilitation

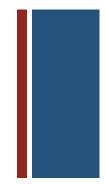






In 2011, 81% of people with I/DD were being served in facility-based and non-work settings

 Butterworth, Hall, Smith, Migliore, Winsor, Domin, & Sulewski, 2013



The POWER of EXPECTATIONS

+ Impact on Employment

Youth with IDD whose parents expected they would be employed after high school were **58 times** more likely to be employed up to 2 years out and **50 times** more likely to be employed between 2 and 4 years out of high school than youth whose parents did not expect they would be employed.

-Papay 2011

Impact on Postsecondary Education

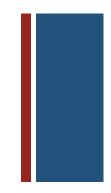
Youth with IDD whose parents expected they would be employed **were 28 times** more likely to have enrolled in postsecondary education after leaving high school than youth whose parents did not expect employment (Papay, 2011). ÷



What do you believe?



Do you BELIEVE your students can work?

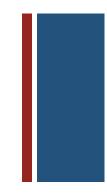


Do you BELIEVE your students can go to college?

Your beliefs and expectations have a greater impact on a student becoming employed or going to university than that student's skills or disability +

Its not what students bring to the table....

It is how the table is set that determines outcomes.

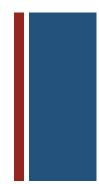








"What do you want to bring to the table when you grow up?"

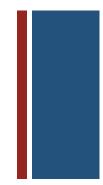


"Progress lies not in enhancing what is, but in advancing toward what will be."

-Kahlil Gibran

Assessing Progress in Inclusive Higher Education

- Higher Education Opportunity Act 2008 (legitimacy & inclusion)
- TPSID National Coordinating Center
- Think College Standards, Quality Indicators, & Benchmarks
- Emerging Data Building a body of knowledge



What are the current higher education options for students with intellectual disability?

COLLEGE OPTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITIES, SEPTEMBER 2015 (N=242)



Think College Database

Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA)

- Federal Legislation enacted August 14, 2008
- Reauthorizes the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended
- Created Model Demonstration Projects Transition Postsecondary Education Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities (TPSIDs)
- Coordinating Center (@Think College UMASS Boston)
- Financial Aid access for students with ID

+ Outcomes of the Legislation

- Programs at 50 colleges and universities
- Data on +1800 students (courses, employment)
- Legitimized flexible access into universities and financial aid
- Set standards for inclusion
- Emphasized employment as a goal of higher education

What are the options in the US?

- 241 programs listed on the Think College website (<u>www.thinkcollege.net</u>)
- 34 Comprehensive Transition Programs <u>http://studentaid.ed.gov/eligibility/intellectual-disabilities</u>
- 27 TPSIDs (2010-2015) and 25 TPSIDs (2015-2020)- Transition Postsecondary Program for Students with Intellectual Disabilities (Grant funded model demonstration projects)

TPSID Snapshot

- Year I-470 Students in 42 IHEs
- Year 2- 760 in 43 IHEs
- Year 3- 856 Students in 44 IHEs
- Year 4 -885 Students in 44 IHEs
- 1815 individuals students
- 67% provide access to housing
- 90% use peer mentors

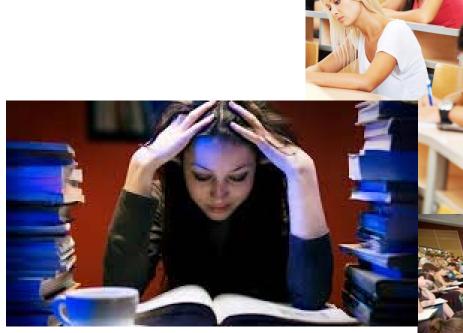




Integration within
 Institute of Higher Education

- 93% follow IHE's academic calendar
- 98% hold students with ID to same code of conduct as other students
- 91% issue student university identification cards to students with ID
- 62% issue students with ID a regular transcript

+ College Classes



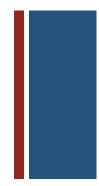


+ Course Access 2012-2013

733 students enrolled in a total of 5,584 courses

- ■58% specialized course enrollments
- 42% inclusive course enrollments

53% inclusive courses enrolled for standard IHE credit



What kinds of university courses do students with intellectual disabilities take?

Courses that meet their GOALS!! Just like other students!!

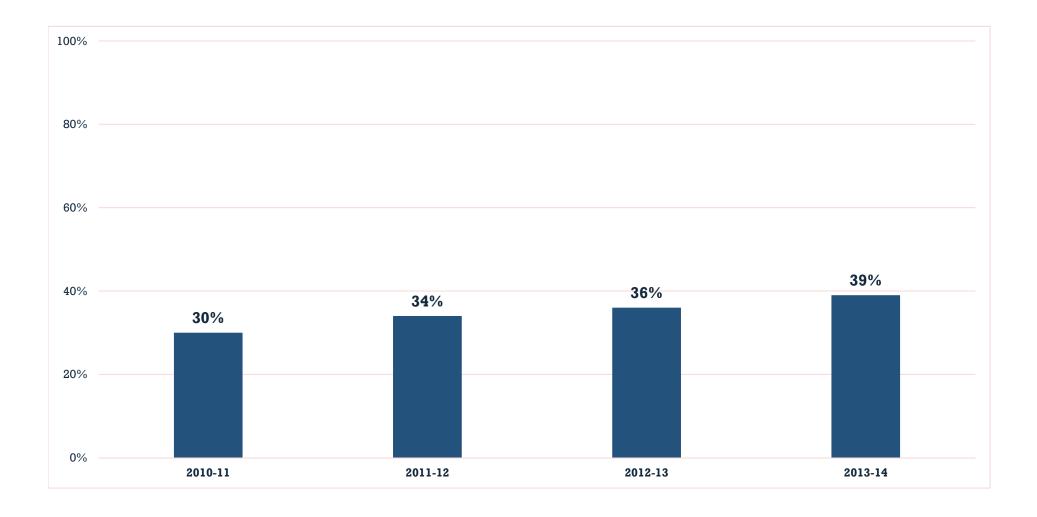
- Academic: Beginning American Sign Language II, Fundamentals of Writing, Writing for Children, Introduction to Sociology, World Civilization II, Pre-Algebra, Careers in Healthcare, American History to 1877, Introduction to Psychology
- Business: Microcomputer Applications for Business, Principles of Advertising, Principles of Marketing, Principles of Management, Front Office Management, Hospitality Seminar
- Technology: Advanced Microcomputer Applications, Web Page Development I & II, Intermediate Photoshop
- Arts: Painting II, Ceramics I, Ballroom Dance, Latin Dance, Vocal Performance Workshop, Introduction to Watercolor, Write Your Life Story, Drawing I
- Career Exploration: Professional Etiquette, Keys to Effective Communication, Criminal Procedure, Strategies for College and Career, Sanitation & Safety, Child Development, Response to Terrorism, Making Movies, Introduction to Mass Media, Career/Life Planning
- Wellness: Personal Fitness, Introduction to Wellness, Swimming, Yoga I & II, Handling Medical Emergencies

+

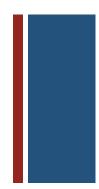




Paid Work Years 1 - 4







39% of TPSID students worked at a paid job in during the 2013-14 academic year
This is up from 36% in 2012-13

Nearly half of the students with paid jobs in 2012-13 (42%) had *never* worked prior to attending their TPSID program

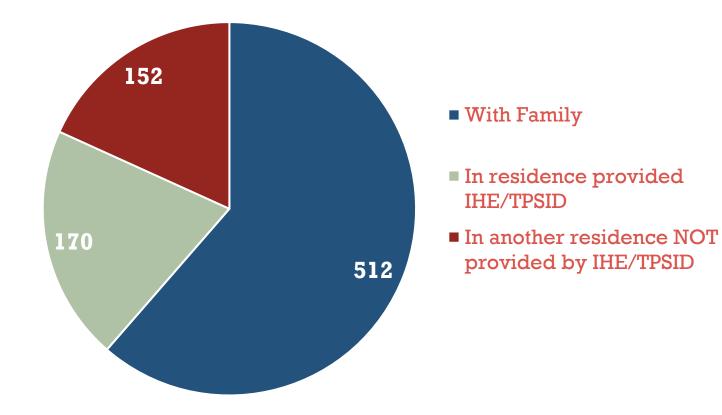
On/Off Campus Housing

+

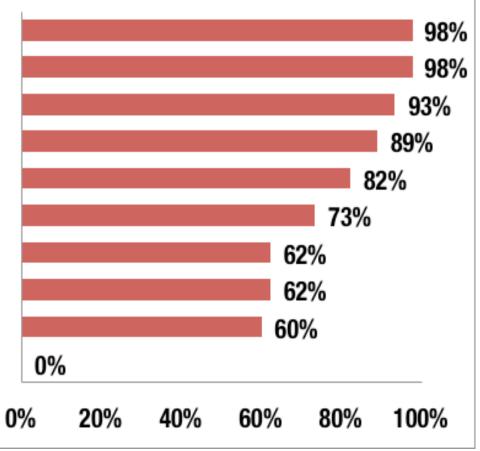


+ Student Living Situation

n = 834 students



Campus Membership



Student center or dining hall Bookstores Library Computer lab/student IT services Sports and recreational facilities or arts/ Registrar, bursar, or financial aid office Health center/counseling services Career services Tutoring services Students did not use any of these

÷

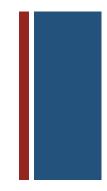
Issues to consider

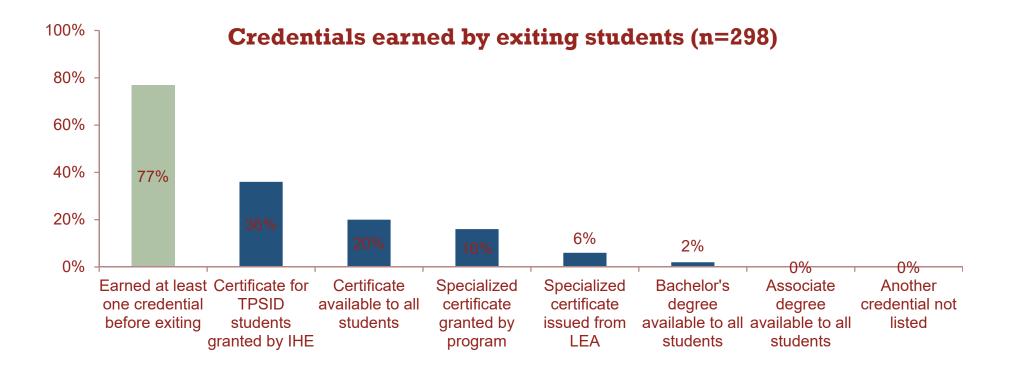
- Increase Inclusive Course Access
- 1 Integrated competitive employment
- **Campus housing**
- Demand / low supply





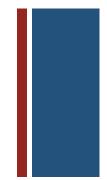
+ Credentials



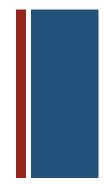




+ Partnerships



- Vocational Rehabilitation
- Local Education Agencies
- Employers
- University Centers on Excellence and Developmental Disabilities
- State IDD Agencies
- Community Rehabilitation Providers
- DD Councils



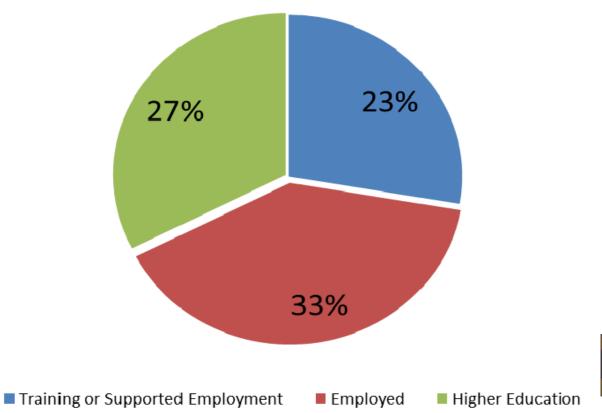
What is happening in Maryland?





Post-Secondary Outcomes Based on Students Exiting in 2013

82.59% of young adults were engaged in Meaningful Adult activities in Maryland. Students who exited were engaged in the following:





MARTLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PREPARING WORLD CLASS STUDENTS

Postsecondary Options in Maryland



We have partnerships throughout the state with community colleges and 4-year institutions

We have interest in the <u>majority</u> of local school systems to expand or develop new postsecondary transition initiatives

We have support from MSDE and the Division of Special Education/Early Intervention Services to pursue postsecondary offerings for students with disabilities



+ Postsecondary Options in Maryland



Many local school systems do not have knowledge of "effective" postsecondary programs

The partnerships are not operating under specific indicators

The programs are not aligned with outcomes (in some cases)





- Results of Postsecondary Program Survey
- Pursuing strategic planning for development of PSE programs
- Spotlighting effective practices based on existing programs
- Data-informed decisions- Focus on Outcomes
- State Task Force
- Maryland transition Digital Portfolio



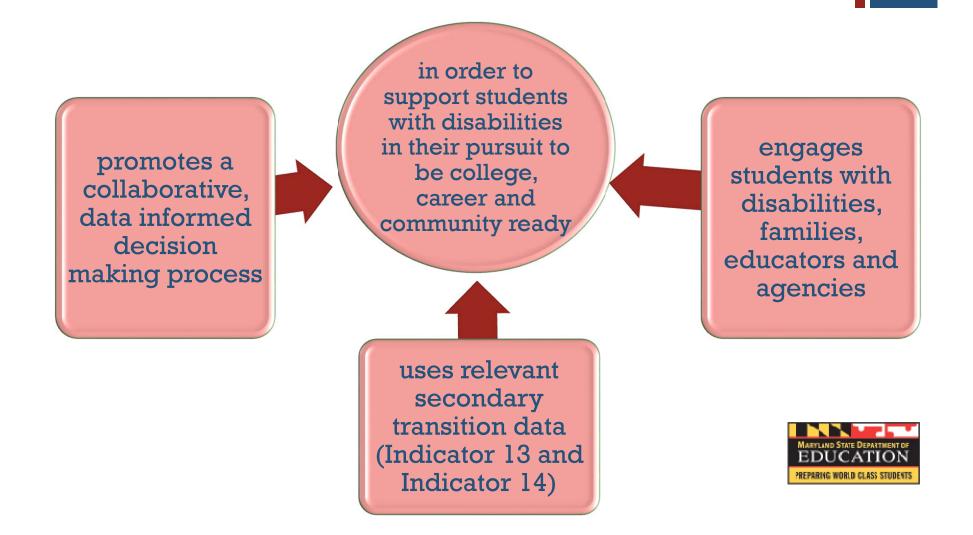


- The Task Force to Study the Impact of Expanding Credit and Noncredit Courses for Students with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities was formed in July 2013 (<u>Chapter 392, Acts of 2013).</u>
- For students with intellectual and developmental disabilities, the Task Force will consider the expansion of courses at public institutions of higher education. The Task Force is to study the impact of credit, and the offering of both credit and noncredit courses to the these students.
- Authorization for the Task Force ends June 30, 2016. (see link <u>http://msa.maryland.gov/msa/mdmanual/26excom/html/33s</u> <u>tuddisab.html</u>)

Secretary Hunter-Cevera- Maryland Higher Education Commission 6 North Liberty St., 10th floor, Baltimore, MD 21201 www.mhec.maryland.gov



Support Secondary Transition in Maryland through the use of the Digital Portfolio System that:



Maryland Transition Digital Portfolio System Highlights

> Seamlessly integrated with the Maryland Online IEP System

Students can send a task to case manager or teacher for feedback

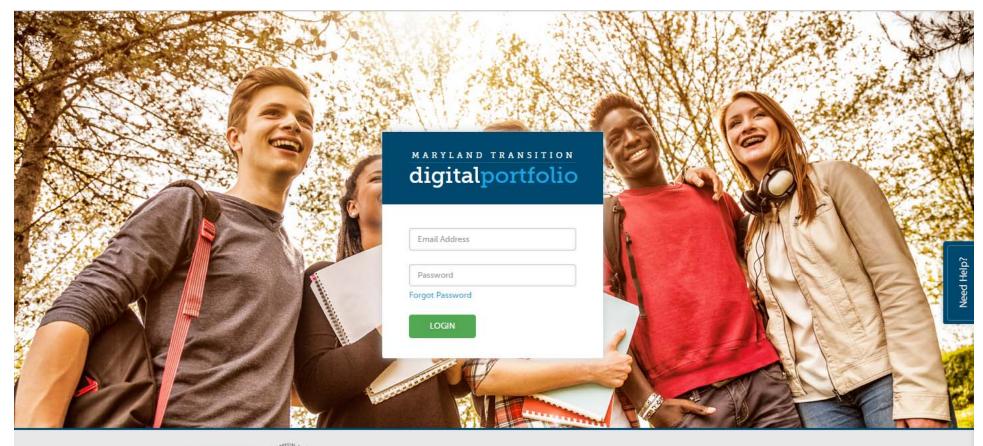
÷

Ability to upload artifacts, files, pictures and videos



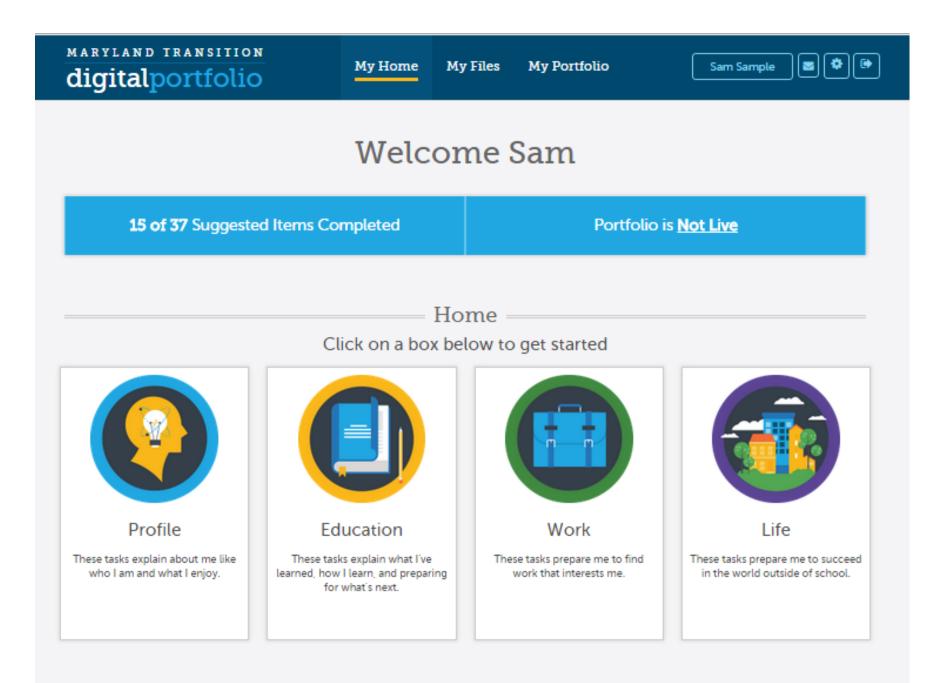
Ability for families to have a login and participate in the process

Ability to make work in the digital portfolio public and share with people









MARYLAND TRANSITION digitalportfolio	My Home My Files My Portfoli	io Andy Spangler
	Education	
These tasks exp	lain what I've learned, how I learn, and preparing	g for what's next.
	Tasks	
	Click on a task below to get starte	d
B	9	
Academic Supports	Applications	DORS
The academic supports that I need. >	Applications that I have submitted to colleges, universities or training programs.	My DORS application and Scounselor.
Educational Support Contacts	Essay	Financial Aid
My Educational Support Contacts.	My college application essay.	My financial aid sources for colleges, universities or training programs.
Graduation/Program Requirements My graduation/program requirements.	Recommendations The recommendations I have requested.	Scholarships and Loans The scholarships and loans that I am qualified for and intend to submit an application.
Self-Advocacy	Testing	Transcript
What I need to disclose about my disability (How, When and Who) to access my education.	My standardized testing reports.	My transcript.
Visits		
My college, university or training > program visits.		

MARYLAND TRANSITION digitalportfolio

My Home My Files My Portfolio

Andy Spangler	٩

•

Visits

What you need to do:

List all of the college, university or training programs that you have conducted visits or plan to visit.

How you can do it:

There are many ways to complete a task.

Some tasks may ask you to upload a file as your response. Files can be documents, photos, videos or audio clips.

You can click the Upload New Files button on the task page to find and select the file you
want to upload as your response.

Some tasks may ask you to identify, track, list or name things for your response.

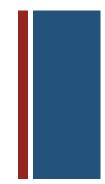
 You can type your response in the box on the task page or you can upload photos, videos or audio clips as your response.

Tas	k History & Feedback
wha	e a short message to explain t you've done and what you ld like to have reviewed.
Yo	ur Message
Rev	iewers:
e	Test McNoInc ()
QF	ind a Teacher or Case Manager
RE	QUEST FEEDBACK

Your Response:

¥ 🗗 I	0 4	A B	ΙU	:=	Ξ	⊞ •		
							_	
Add files:	+ Add	From Your F	iles	1 Uploa	d New	/ Files		
B S4	VF	+ AD	D TO PORT	FOLIO				

+



So what can you do?



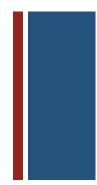
- Get and share information about college options with all staff
- Build college related goals into the IEP
- Talk with families in elementary, middle and high school about college options
- Encourage students to explore learning options
- Insist that ALL STAFF and FAMILIES know about the various paths to and through college for students with IDD.



Expect that Students with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities will

- Desire and deserve learning after HS
- Have some non-traditional college goals
- Get real jobs and earn minimum wage or above
- Be dissatisfied when they have a crummy job
- Grow and change in their desires and skills





Believe what YOU say about THEIR potential!!!



The Payoff







www.thinkcollege.net





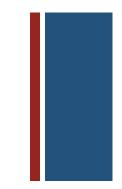






© Think College 2013





Meg Grigal, Ph.D. Senior Research Fellow Co-Director, Think College Institute for Community Inclusion, University of Massachusetts, Boston Meg.grigal@umb.edu

Christy H. Stuart, Ed.D. Secondary Transition Specialist Performance Support and Technical Assistance Maryland State Department of Education Division of Special Education/Early Intervention Services <u>christy.stuart@maryland.gov</u>

